Approaches to improve automation for security

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CIADS domain of expertise

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- Information assurance
  - Telecommunications and computer networks
- Expert systems for intrusion detection
- Vulnerability assessment
- Network modeling and simulation

Problem Statement

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- Networks are vulnerable.
  - External and internal sources of threat
- Intrusion detection systems are imperfect.
  - High false alarm rates
- Threat assessment is manpower-intensive.
  - Overwhelming quantity of data

Goals

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- **Support the analyst using state of the art technologies**
- **Provide decision support through data management**
  - Data reduction,correlation,summarization
- **Provide both post-analysis and real time response capabilities**
- **Bridge policy and compliance**
  - Dynamic policy updates
- **Automate detection tasks where possible**

Strategy for near-term

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Funding needed:

- **Extension of current technological approaches**
- **Techniques for automation are coming to maturity now**

Techniques for automation

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- **Machine learning**
  - **Developed through data mining of historical databases**
- **Artificial intelligence**
  - **Autonomous agents, genetic algorithms, neural networks**
- **Payoff: automation and extension of human pattern recognition capabilities**

Data Mining

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- Knowledge discovery in databases using:
  - Clustering
  - Classification
  - Association Rule Mining
  - High-Dimensional Visualization
- Benefits:
  - Discovery of attack sequences
  - Characterization of normal conditions in order to recognize abnormal behavior
  - Represents current state-of-the-art

Artificial Intelligence

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- Autonomous Agents
  - Actively gather data as needed
    - Confirmatory Agents: Used to fill in gaps in data-mining-based hypotheses concerning intrusions
    - Discovery Agents: Used to find anomalous situations

Artificial Intelligence

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- Autonomous Agents
  - Example uses:
    - Vulnerability analysis: “automated Red Team”
      - Coupled with genetic algorithms to randomize attack sequences
    - Data retrieval: an agent to penetrate hostile and friendly systems
    - Countermeasure deployment: a means to compromise a target system

Status

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- Knowledge Engineering & Data Mining
  - Capture what you know (but don't know you know)
  - Discovery of new relations in existing data
  - Represents current technology
  - Currently performed offline (post analysis)
  - Remain fairly human intensive

Automated Data Retrieval

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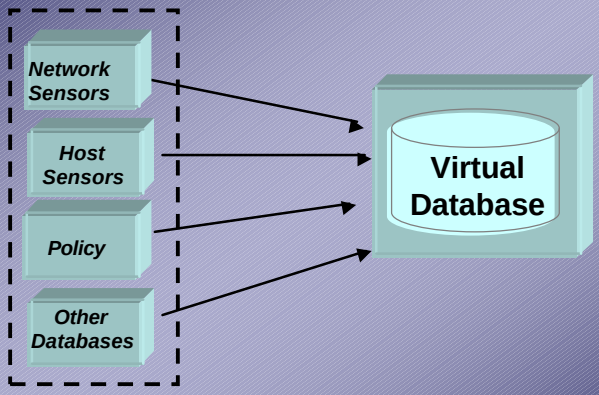

Changing environment

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- Computing environment is becoming more distributed and changing dynamically
  - Data, processing and knowledge will be distributed throughout the network
    - Distributed knowledge will allow for recognizing correlations across broad regions of the network.
    - Data analysis and filtering will occur at lower-levels
      - Caveat – Information will not be available for higher-level synthesis
  - Network topology will change in a shortened time scale

Impact

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- Greater analysis load on the human
- Requires more synthesis of information and more automation at all levels